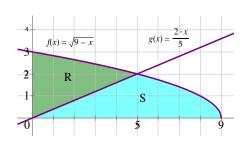
- Let $f(x) = \sqrt{9-x}$ and $g(x) = \frac{2x}{5}$
- 1) Find Area of Region R
- 2) Find Area of Region S



- 3) Find volume of solid formed by revolving Region R about:
 - a) x axis

b) y-axis

c) y = 20

d) x = -7

e) y = -6

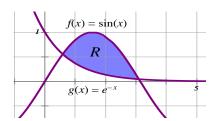
- f) x = 15
- 4) Find the volume of the solid whose base is the region R and whose cross sections cut by planes perpendicular to the *x*-axis are:
 - a) squares

- b) rectangle (height = x + 4)
- c) equilateral triangles
- 5) Find the volume of the solid whose base is the region S and whose cross sections cut by planes perpendicular to the y-axis are:
 - a) semicircles

b) rectangle (height = $12 \cdot base$)

CALCULUS AB CH.7 WS #3

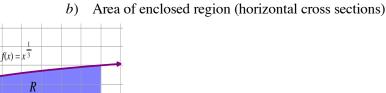
- 1) Given the enclosed region R between $f(x) = \sin x$ and $g(x) = e^{-x}$, find each of the following:
- a) Volume rotated about y = 10



b) Volume rotated about x = -4

- c) Volume of the solid whose base is the region R whose vertical cross sections are equilateral triangles.
- d) Volume rotated about y = -20

- 2) Given the enclosed region R between $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$ and the x-axis, find each of the following:
- a) Area of enclosed region (vertical cross sections)



- c) Volume of the solid whose base is the region R whose vertical cross sections are squares
- d) Volume of the solid whose base is the region R whose horizontal cross sections are semicircles.

e) The vertical line x = k divides R into two regions with equal area. Find the value of k.